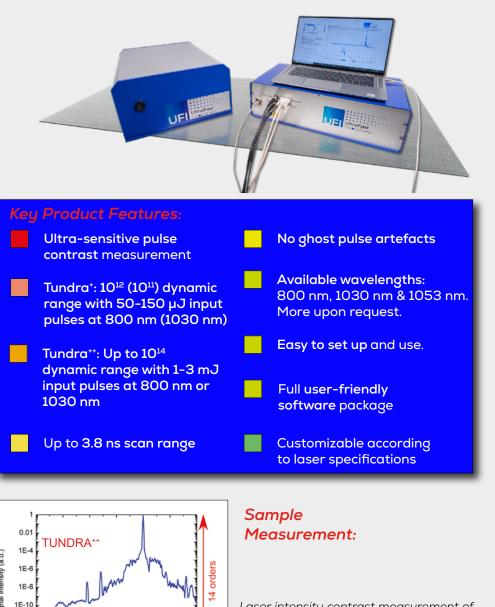
# UItraFast Innovations

YOUR KEY to innovation and success

### **Ultra-high Contrast Third-order Autocorrelator TUNDRA®**

third-order autour correlator serves as a highly sensitive diagnostic tool for laser pulse contrast measurements. After further development [1], the dynamic range reaches up to 14 orders of magnitude, enough to characterize the background or trace the tiniest pre- and post-pulse replicas of the most powerful lasers in the world. The autocorrelator employs all-reflective components (apart from signal generating non-linear crystals), guaranteeing correlation traces free of measurement artefacts. It can be employed in a wide range of applications. In particular, high intensity experiments in plasma physics require in depth understanding of the pulse contrast and possible parasitic pulse structures. Contrary to second-order autocorrelators, pre- and post-pulses can be distinguished due to the third-harmonic nature of the signal. These features make our specialized fully automatized autocorrelator an invaluable tool for state-of-the-art contrast characterization of ultrashort and intense laser pulses.

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Laser intensity contrast measurement of the PHELIX Laser at GSI, Germany. The laser signal (at 10<sup>-11</sup> level) pulls off about 3 orders of magnitude above the detection limit.

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UltraFast Innovations is a spin-off from the LMU Munich and the Max Planck Society.

1E-12

1E-14 트 -400

-300 -200 -100 0

Time delay (ps)

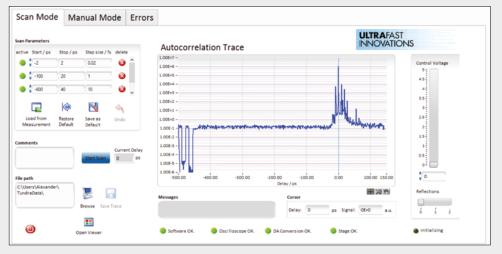
100

## UItraFast Innovations

| Characteristics:                              | TUNDRA  | TUNDRA⁺                          | TUNDRA**                |
|---|---|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Single dynamic range<br>(orders of magnitude) | 11 @ 800 nm<br>10 @ 1030/1064 nm                                | 12 @ 800 nm<br>11 @ 1030/1064 nm | up to 14                |
| Delay scan range                              | 633 ps, 1.9 ns or 3.8 ns  |                                  |                         |
| Time zero position                            | customizable (633 ps/ 3.8 ns), user-selectable on-site (1.9 ns) |                                  |                         |
| Input pulse energy                            | 50-150 µJ   |                                  | 1-3 mJ                  |
| Scan step resolution                          | 2 fs @ 633 ps range<br>4 fs @ 1.9 ns / 3.8 ns                   |                                  |                         |
| Input polarization                            | s-polarized beam (vertical)                                     |                                  |                         |
| Footprint                                     | 54 x 37 cm <sup>2</sup>   | 54 x 52 cm <sup>2</sup>          | 54 x 52 cm <sup>2</sup> |

#### User-Friendly Software Interface:

UNDRA comes with a user-friendly software interface that makes it easy to set up a measurement. Furthermore, different measurements can be compared, the traces can be analyzed and the thickness of the optical elements generating pulse replica can be calculated with the software. The scan resolution can be set to different values throughout the measurement to minimize the acquisition time.



Main window of the software.

#### **Reference Measurements:**

TUNDRA autocorrelators have been used successfully to characterize some of the most powerful and unique Terawatt and Petawatt laser systems in the world, including:

| ATLAS, MAP, Garching,        | PFS, MPQ, Garching,        | SYLOS, ELI-ALPS high-contrast   |
|------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Germany (50-250 TW, 25 fs)   | Germany (100 TW, < 10 fs)  | OPCPA laser (5 TW, 9 fs)        |
| SALLE JAUNE, LOA, Palaiseau, | APOLLON, Palaiseau, France | PHELIX, GSI, Darmstadt, Germany |
| France (200 TW, 26 fs)       | (up to 5 PW, 15 fs)        | (500 TW, 500 fs)                |

#### References:

[1] V. A. Schanz, F. Wagner, M. Roth, and V. Bagnoud, "Noise reduction in third order cross-correlation by angle optimization of the interacting beams," Optics Express **25**(8), 9252-9261 (2017).